Summary

Section 1 – Introduction containing warnings

This Summary should be read as an introduction to the Base Prospectus.

Any decision to invest in the Securities should be based on consideration of the Base Prospectus as a whole by the investor.

Investors could lose all or part of the invested capital.

Where a claim relating to the information contained in this Base Prospectus is brought before a court, the plaintiff investor might, under national law, have to bear the costs of translating the Base Prospectus (including any supplements as well as the Final Terms) before the legal proceedings are initiated.

Civil liability attaches only to those persons who have tabled the Summary including any translation thereof, but only if the Summary is misleading, inaccurate or inconsistent when read together with the other parts of the Base Prospectus, or where it does not provide, when read together with the other parts of the Base Prospectus, key information in order to aid investors when considering whether to invest in the Securities.

You are about to purchase a product that is not simple and may be difficult to understand.

Securities: EUR Capital Protection Participation Certificate on World Basket (ISIN IT0005581837)

Issuer: UniCredit S.p.A. (the "**Issuer**" or "**UniCredit**" and UniCredit, together with its consolidated subsidiaries, the "**UniCredit Group**"), Piazza Gae Aulenti, 3 Tower A 20154 Milan, Italy. Phone number: 39 02 88 621 – Website: www.unicreditgroup.eu. The Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) of the Issuer is: 549300TRUW02CD2G5692.

Competent authority: Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier ("**CSSF**"), 283, route d'Arlon L-1150 Luxembourg. Phone number: (+352) 26 25 1 - 1.

Date of approval of the Base Prospectus: Base prospectus of UniCredit S.p.A. for the issuance of Single Underlying and Multi Underlying Securities (with (partial) capital protection) approved by the CSSF on 30 November 2023, as supplemented from time to time, and the registration document of UniCredit S.p.A. approved by the CSSF on 30 November 2023, as supplemented from time to time, which together constitute a base prospectus (the "**Base Prospectus**") consisting of separate documents within the meaning of Article 8 (6) of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129, as amended from time to time (the "**Prospectus Regulation**").

Section 2 – Key information on the Issuer

Who is the Issuer of the Securities?

UniCredit is a joint stock company established in Italy under Italian law, with its registered office, head office and principal centre of business at Piazza Gae Aulenti, 3 Tower A, 20154 Milan, Italy. UniCredit's Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) code is 549300TRUW02CD2G5692.

Principal activities of the Issuer

UniCredit is a pan-European Commercial Bank with a unique service offering in Italy, Germany, Central and Eastern Europe. UniCredit's purpose is to empower communities to progress, delivering high-quality services for all stakeholders, unlocking the potential of its clients and its people across Europe. UniCredit serves over 15 million customers worldwide. UniCredit is organized in five geographical areas and two product factories, Corporate and Individual Solutions. This allows the Bank to be close to its clients and use the scale of the entire Group for developing and offering the best products across all its markets.

Major shareholders of the Issuer

No individual or entity controls UniCredit within the meaning provided for in Article 93 of the Legislative Decree No. 58 of 24 February 1998 (the "**Financial Services Act**") as amended. As at 3 April 2023, the main shareholders who have disclosed that they hold, directly or indirectly, a relevant participation in UniCredit, pursuant to Article 120 of the Financial Services Act, were: BlackRock Group (shares: 114,907,383; 6.710% owned); Allianz Group (shares: 69,622,203; 4.066% owned).

Identity of the managing director of the Issuer

The managing director of the Issuer is Mr. Andrea Orcel (Chief Executive Officer).

Identity of the auditors of the Issuer

The audit firm assigned with the statutory accounting supervision of the Issuer for the 2022-2030 nine-year period is KPMG S.p.A. (KPMG). KPMG is a company incorporated under the laws of Italy, enrolled with the Companies' Register of Milan under number 00709600159 and registered with the Register of Statutory Auditors (*Registro dei Revisori Legali*) maintained by Minister of Economy and Finance with registration number 70623, having its registered office at Via Vittor Pisani 25, 20124 Milan, Italy. It shall be noted that, for the 2013-2021 nine-year period, the shareholders' meeting of UniCredit held on 11 May 2012, appointed Deloitte & Touche S.p.A. to act as UniCredit's external auditor, with registered office at Via Tortona 25, 20144 Milan, Italy, enrolled with the Companies' Register of Milan under number 03049560166 and registered with the Register of Statutory Auditors (*Registro dei Revisori Legali*) with registration number 132587.

What is the key financial information regarding the Issuer?

UniCredit derived the selected consolidated financial information included in the table below for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 from the audited consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021. The selected consolidated financial information ended 30 September 2023 and 30 September 2022 restated included in the table below has been extracted from the unaudited consolidated interim financial report as at 30 September 2023 – Press release. The figures below for the items of income statement and balance sheet refer to the reclassified schemes.

Income statement							
	As for the year ended			As for the nine months ended			
EUR millions, except where indicated	31 Dec 22 (*)	31 Dec 21 (**)	31 Dec 21 (***)	30 Sep 23 (****)	30 Sep 22 (*****)	30 Sep 22 (*****)	
	audited			unaudited			
Net interest	10,692	9,019	9,060	10,395	7,254	7,266	

Fees	6,841	6,776	6,692	5,670	5,821	5,219
Loan Loss Provisions (LLPs)	(1,894)	(1,634)	(1,634)	(249)	(1,366)	(1,366)
Trading income	2,574	1,554	1,638	1,485	1,349	1,961
Measure of financial performance used by the Issuer in the financial statements such as operating profit (Gross operating profit (Loss))	10,782	8,158	8,158	10,882	7,536	7,536
Group stated Net profit (loss)	6,458	2,096	1,540	6,696	3,994	3,994

Balance sheet						
	As for the year ended			As for the nine months ended	Value as outcome from	
EUR millions, except where indicated	31 Dec 22 (*)	31 Dec 21 (**)	31 Dec 21 (***)	30 Sep 23 (****)	the Supervisory	
	audited			unaudited	Review and Evaluation Process ('SREP' 31.12.2022)	
Total assets	857,773	917,227	916,671	825,644	not applicable	
Senior debt	not applicable	not applicable	not applicable	not applicable	not applicable	
Subordinated debt (******)	7,920	10,111	10,111	not applicable	not applicable	
Loans and receivables from customers (net) [identified in the reclassified consolidated accounts as "Loans to customers"]		448,989	437,544	436,512	not applicable	
Deposits from customers	510,093	500,689	500,504	510,626	not applicable	
Group Shareholders' Equity	63,339	62,185	61,628	62,726	not applicable	
Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET1) ratio or other relevant prudential capital adequacy ratio depending on the issuance (%)		not applicable	15.82%	17.50%	9.53% ⁽¹⁾	
Total Capital Ratio (%)	21.42%	not applicable	20.14%	22.24%	13.90% (1)	
Leverage Ratio calculated under applicable regulatory framework (%)	6.07%	not applicable	5.71%	6.07%	not applicable	

(*) The financial information relating to the financial year ended 31 December 2022 has been extracted from UniCredit's audited consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended 31 December 2022, which have been audited by KPMG S.p.A., UniCredit's external auditors.

(**) The comparative figure as at 31 December 2021 in this column have been restated. The amount related to year 2021 differs from the ones published in the "2021 Consolidated Reports and Accounts".

(***) As published in the "2021 Consolidated Reports and Accounts".

(****) The income statement and balance sheet financial information relating to 30 September 2023 has been extracted from UniCredit's unaudited Consolidated Interim Report as at 30 September 2023 – Press Release.

(*****) In 2023 reclassified income statement, comparative figures restated as at 30 September 2022 have been extracted from UniCredit's unaudited Consolidated Interim Report as at 30 September 2023 – Press Release.

(*****) The income statement financial information relating to 30 September 2022 has been extracted from the unaudited consolidated interim financial report as at 30 September 2022 – Press release.

(******) Amounts do not refer to reclassified schemes. They are extracted from the Consolidated financial statements - Notes to the consolidated accounts.
(1) Considering the communication received from the ECB in relation to the 2022 Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP), setting UniCredit's Pillar 2 Capital Requirement (P2R) applicable in 2023 at 200 basis points, and the countercyclical capital buffer requirements updated as of September 2023.

What are the key risks that are specific to the Issuer?

Potential investors should be aware that in the case of the occurrence of one of the below mentioned risk factors the Securities may decline in value and that they may sustain a total loss of their investment. The following risks are key risks specific to the Issuer:

Risks associated with the impact of current macroeconomic uncertainties and the effects of the geopolitical tensions: The market environment in which UniCredit operates continues to be affected by high levels of uncertainty for both the short and the medium-term outlook. The economic consequences stemming from the geopolitical tensions, not only in Russia, pushed up inflationary pressures and could continue to unfold increasing uncertainty for the euro area economy, with potential impact on the performance of the Group. The Russia-Ukraine crisis caused a sharp rise in commodities prices, further global supply-chain disruption, a tightening of financial conditions, heightened uncertainty, and a sharp drop in consumer confidence. As inflation builds up due to the increase in energy price and the supply disruptions, ECB changed its monetary stance (Deposit Facility rate: -50 bps in June 2022, 0 bps in July, 75 bps in September, 150 bps in October, 200 bps in December, 250 bps in February 2023, 300 bps in March, 325 bps in May, 350 bps in June, 375 bps in July, 400 bps in September) and market is repricing interest rate expectations. The outlook is still surrounded by risks, further tensions on commodity prices cannot be excluded and an upsurge in the ongoing Russia-Ukraine conflict cannot be ignored. Therefore, the expectations regarding the performance of the global economy remains still uncertain in both the short and medium term. The current environment, characterized by highly uncertain elements as above mentioned could generate a worsening of the loan portfolio quality, followed by an increase of the non-performing loans and the necessity to increase the provisions to be charged to the income statement. On 9 December 2021 UniCredit presented to the financial community the 2022-2024 Strategic Plan, which included a set of strategic and financial objectives that considered the underlying scenario and resulted from the assessment performed at that time. The macro assumptions underlying the Strategic Plan exclu

unexpected materially adverse developments such as the Russia-Ukraine conflict and worsening/resurge of the COVID-19 pandemic, situations that UniCredit has been monitoring closely (From Strategic Plan presentation: Macro assumptions in the Strategic Plan consider the recent and existing impacts of COVID-19 at the time of the Plan presentation with a gradual normalization over the subsequent years. The scenario did not assume that the COVID-19 situation at that time would develop in a particularly negative way in the subsequent years).

Risks connected with the Strategic Plan 2022 - 2024: On 9 December 2021, UniCredit presented to the financial community in Milan the 2022-2024 Strategic Plan called "UniCredit Unilocked" (the "Strategic Plan" or "Plan") which contains a number of strategic, capital and financial objectives (the "Strategic Objectives"). The Strategic Plan focuses on UniCredit's geographic areas in which the Bank currently operates; with financial performance driven by three interconnected levers: cost efficiency, optimal capital allocation and net revenue growth. "UniCredit Unlocked" delivers strategic imperatives and financial ambitions based on six pillars. Such strategic imperatives and financial ambitions regard: (i) the growth in its regions and the development of its client franchise, changing its business model and how its people operate; (ii) the delivery of economies of scale from its footprint of banks, transforming the technology, leveraging Digital & Data and embedding sustainability in all that UniCredit does; (iii) driving financial performance via three interconnected levers. The macro assumptions underlying the Strategic Plan disclosed in December 2021 excluded unexpected materially adverse developments such as the Russia-Ukraine conflict and worsening/resurge of the COVID-19 pandemic, situations that UniCredit has been monitoring closely (From Strategic Plan presentation: Macro assumptions in the Strategic Plan consider the recent and existing impacts of COVID-19 at the time of the Plan presentation with a gradual normalization over the subsequent years. The scenario did not assume that the COVID-19 situation at that time would develop in a particularly negative way in the subsequent years). The Plan is based on six pillars: (i) optimise, through the improvement of operational and capital efficiency; (ii) invest, with targeted growth initiatives, including ESG; (iii) grow net revenues; (iv) increase return; (v) strengthen solidity thanks to revised CET1 ratio target and decrease of Gross NPE ratio; and (vi) distribute consistently with organic capital generation. UniCredit's ability to meet the Strategic Objectives and all forward-looking statements relies on a number of assumptions, expectations, projections and provisional data concerning future events and is hence subject to a number of uncertainties and additional factors, many of which are outside the control of UniCredit. For all these reasons, investors are cautioned against making their investment decisions based exclusively on the forecast data included in the Strategic Objectives. Any failure to implement the Strategic Objective or meet the Strategic Objectives may have a material adverse effect on UniCredit's business, financial condition or results of operations.

Credit risk and risk of credit quality deterioration: The activity, financial and capital strength and profitability of the UniCredit Group depend, among other things, on the creditworthiness of its customers. In carrying out its credit activities, the Group is exposed to the risk that an unexpected change in the creditworthiness of a counterparty may generate a corresponding change in the value of the associated credit exposure and give rise to the partial or total write-down thereof. The current environment continues to be characterised by highly uncertain elements, with the possibility that the slowdown of the economy, jointly with the termination of the safeguard measures, such as the customer loans moratorium, generates a worsening of the loan portfolio quality, followed by an increase of the non-performing loans and the necessity to increase the provisions to be charged to the income statement. UniCredit's Loan Loss Provisions ("LLPs") increased O/O and increased Y/Y by 60.1 per cent to Euro 135 million in 3023. Therefore, the cost of risk increased by 10 bps Q/Q and increased by 5 bps Y/Y to 12 bps in 3Q23. The Group kept the amount of overlays on performing exposures flat Q/Q at Euro 1.75 billion, which substantially reinforces the Group's capacity to withstand macroeconomic shocks. As at 30 September 2023, Group gross NPEs were down by 13.1 per cent Y/Y and by 1.1 per cent Q/Q to Euro 12.0 billion in 3Q23 (while as at 30 June 2023 they were equal to Euro 12.1 billion) with gross NPE ratio of 2.7 per cent. (-0.2 p.p. Y/Y, +0.1 Q/Q). As at 30 September 2023, Group Net NPEs stood at Euro 6.2 billion decreased compared to 30 June 2023 which attested at Euro 6.3 billion (Group Net NPE ratio stable compared to 30 June 2023 and is equal to 1.4 per cent.). Unicredit's LLPs in 9M23 amounted to Euro 249 million decreased by 81.8 per cent 9M/9M. Therefore the CoR was equal to 7 bps. The Group has adopted procedures, rules and principles aimed at monitoring and managing credit risk at both individual counterparty and portfolio level. However, there is the risk that, despite these credit risk monitoring and management activities, the Group's credit exposure may exceed predetermined risk's levels pursuant to the procedures, rules and principles it has adopted.

Liquidity Risk: Liquidity risk refers to the possibility that the UniCredit Group may find itself unable to meet its current and future, anticipated and unforeseen cash payment and delivery obligations without impairing its day-to-day operations or financial position. The activity of the UniCredit Group is subject in particular to funding liquidity risk, market liquidity risk, mismatch risk and contingency risk. The most relevant risks that the Group may face are: i) an exceptionally high usage of the committed and uncommitted lines granted to corporate customers; ii) an unusual withdrawal of sight and term deposits by UniCredit's retail and corporate customers; iii) the decline in the market value of the securities in which UniCredit invests its liquidity buffer; iv) the capacity to roll over the expiring wholesale funding and the potential cash or collateral outflows the Group may suffer in case of rating downgrades of both the banks or the sovereign debt in the geographies in which it operates. In addition to this, some risks may arise from the limitations applied to the cross-border lending among banks. Due to the financial market crisis, followed also by the reduced liquidity available to operators in the sector, the ECB has implemented important interventions in monetary policy, such as the "Targeted Longer-Term Refinancing Operation" ("TLTRO") introduced in 2014 and the TLTRO II introduced in 2016. These liquidity support operations are approaching their maturity. This would result in the need for banks to seek alternative sources of borrowing, without ruling out the difficulties of obtaining such alternative funding as well as the risk that the related costs could be higher. Such a situation could therefore adversely affect UniCredit's business, operating results and the economic and financial position of UniCredit and/or the Group. The main indicators used by the UniCredit Group to assess its liquidity profile are (i) the Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR), which represents an indicator of short-term liquidity subject to a minimum regulatory requirement of 100 per cent from 2018 and which was equal to 160 per cent in June 2023, whereas at 31 December 2022 was equal to 161 per cent (calculated as the average of the 12 latest end of month ratios), and (ii) the Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR), which represents the indicator of structural liquidity and which in June 2023 was above the internal limit set at 102.3 per cent within the risk appetite framework.

Basel III and Bank Capital Adequacy: The Issuer shall comply with the revised global regulatory standards ("**Basel III**") on bank capital adequacy and liquidity, which impose requirements for, inter alia, higher and better-quality capital, better risk coverage, measures to promote the build-up of capital that can be drawn down in periods of stress and the introduction of a leverage ratio as a backstop to the risk-based requirement as well as two global liquidity standards. In terms of banking prudential regulations, the Issuer is also subject to the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive 2014/59/EU of 15 May 2014 ("**BRRD**"), implemented in Italy with the Legislative Decree. 180 and 181 of 16 November 2015 as amended by Directive (EU) 2019/879, the "**BRRD** II" (implemented in Italy by the Legislative Decree No. 193 of November 8, 2021), as well as the relevant technical standards and guidelines from EU regulatory bodies (i.e. the European Banking Authority (EBA)), which, inter alia, provide for recovery and resolution mechanisms and Minimum Requirement for Own Funds and Eligible Liabilities (MREL) for credit institutions. Should UniCredit not be able to meet the capital/MREL requirements imposed by the applicable laws and regulations, it may be required to maintain higher levels of capital/eligible liabilities which could potentially impact its credit ratings, and funding conditions and which could limit UniCredit's growth opportunities.

Section 3 – Key information on the Securities

What are the main features of the Securities?

Product Type, Underlying and form of the Securities

Product Type: Protection Performance Securities with Multi-Underlying (Quanto)

Underlying: The Underlying is a basket consisting of the following shares as Basket Components:

i	Basket Componenti	Reference Price _i	Weighting: (Wi)
1	EURO STOXX 50 [®] (Price) Index (EUR) (ISIN EU0009658145)	Closing price	0.333333333
2	Nikkei 225 (Price) Index (ISIN JP9010C00002)	Closing price	0.333333333
3	S&P 500 [®] (Price Return) Index (ISIN US78378X1072)	Closing price	0.333333333

The Securities are governed by Italian law. The Securities are debt instruments in dematerialized registered form pursuant to the Italian Consolidated Law on Financial Intermediation (*Testo Unico della Finanza*). The Securities will be represented by book entry and registered in the books of the Clearing System. The transfer of the Securities operates by registration on the relevant accounts opened in the Clearing System. The international securities identification number (ISIN) of the Securities is set out in Section 1.

Issuance and Term

The Securities will be issued on 30 April 2024 in Euro (EUR) (the "Specified Currency") as 20,000 Certificates. The Securities have a defined term.

General

The value of the Securities during their term depends mainly on the price of the Underlying. In principle, the value of the Securities rises if the price of the Underlying rises and falls if the price of the Underlying falls.

Interest

The Securities do not bear interest.

Redemption

Provided that no Conversion Event has occurred, the Securities will be redeemed on the Final Payment Date at the Redemption Amount following an automatic exercise.

At the Final Payment Date the Redemption Amount is equal to the Calculation Amount multiplied by the total of (i) the Floor Level and (ii) the difference, multiplied by the Final Participation Factor, between the Relevant Performance (final) and the Final Strike Level. The Redemption Amount is not lower than the Minimum Amount.

Additional definitions and product terms

The Relevant Performance (final) corresponds to the Performance of the Underlying (final).

The Performance of the Underlying (final) is the sum of the Performances of the Basket Components; (final), which are taken into account according to their Weightings; (= Wi).

The Performance of the Basket Componenti (final) is, with respect to the Basket Componenti, equal to Ki (final) divided by Ki (initial).

 K_i (final) means the Reference Price_i of the Basket $\mathsf{Component}_i$ on the Final Observation Date.

 K_i (initial) means the Reference Price_i of the Basket Component_i on the Initial Observation Date.

Final Observation Date:	23 January 2030
Calculation Amount:	EUR 1,000.00
Final Participation Factor:	70%
Final Payment Date:	30 January 2030
Final Strike Level:	100%
Floor Level:	100%
Initial Observation Date:	26 April 2024
Minimum Amount:	EUR 1,000.00
Optional Redemption Amount:	Calculation Amount

Conversion of the Securities by the Issuer: Upon the occurrence of one or more conversion events (for example, an Index Replacement Event (for example the calculation or publication of a Basket Component_i is indefinitely or permanently discontinued) has occurred and no suitable Replacement Basket Component_i is available or can be determined) (the "**Conversion Event**") the Issuer may convert the Securities and redeem them on the Final Payment Date by payment of the Settlement Amount. The "**Settlement Amount**" is the market value of the Securities, with accrued interest for the period until the Final Payment Date at the market rate of interest being traded at such time for liabilities of the Issuer with the same remaining term as the Securities within ten Banking Days following the occurrence of the Conversion Event, as determined by the Calculation Agent. The Settlement Amount is in any case not less than the Minimum Amount.

Early redemption at the option of the Issuer: The Securities may be redeemed at any time in whole but not in part, at the option of the Issuer at their Optional Redemption Amount on or after the date specified in a notice published on the Issuer's website on giving notice to the Paying Agent and the Security Holders, if the Issuer determines that all or part of the Series of Securities is or will be excluded fully or partially from the eligible liabilities available to meet the MREL Requirements (MREL Disqualification Event).

Adjustments to the Terms and Conditions: The Calculation Agent may adjust the Terms and Conditions of the Securities (in particular the relevant Basket Component; and/or all prices of the relevant Basket Component; which have been specified by the Calculation Agent) if an adjustment event (for example, a certain change to the relevant index concept) (the "Adjustment Event") occurs.

Status of the Securities: The obligations of the Issuer under the Securities constitute direct, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Issuer, ranking (subject to any obligations preferred by any applicable law (also subject to the bail-in instruments as implemented under Italian

law)) pari passu with all other unsecured obligations (other than obligations ranking junior to the senior notes from time to time (including non-preferred senior notes and any further obligations permitted by law to rank junior to the senior notes following the Issue Date), if any) of the Issuer, present and future and, in the case of the senior notes, *pari passu* and rateably without any preference among themselves.

Where will the Securities be traded?

Admission to trading: No application for the Securities to be admitted to trading on a regulated market has been made.

Listing: Application to trading will be made with effect from 30 April 2024 on the following multilateral trading facilities (MTF): Frankfurt Stock Exchange (Open Market)

What are the key risks that are specific to the Securities?

Credit risk of the Issuer and risks in relation to resolution measures in relation to the Issuer: The Securities constitute unsecured obligations of the Issuer vis-a-vis the Security Holders. Any person who purchases the Securities therefore relies on the creditworthiness of the Issuer and has, in relation to his/her position under the Securities, no rights or claims against any other person. Security Holders are subject to the risk of a partial or total failure of the Issuer to fulfil obligations which the Issuer is liable to perform under the Securities in whole or in part, for example, in the event of the Issuer's insolvency. The worse the creditworthiness of the Issuer is the higher is the risk of a loss. In the case of realization of the credit risk of the Issuer the Security Holder may sustain a total loss of his/her capital, even if the Securities provide for a Minimum Amount at their maturity. Moreover, Security Holders may become subject to resolution measures in relation to the Issuer if the Issuer is failing or likely to fail. The obligations of the Issuer under the Securities are not secured, guaranteed by third parties or protected by any deposit protection or compensation scheme.

Risks related to market value-influencing factors: The market value of the Securities as well as the amounts distributable under the Securities primarily depend on the price of the Basket Components. However, the market value of the Securities will be affected by a number of additional factors. These are inter alia the creditworthiness of the Issuer, the relevant prevailing interest and yield rates, the market for similar securities, the general economic, political and cyclical conditions, the tradability and, if applicable, the remaining term of the Securities as well as additional Basket Component-related market value-influencing factors.

Risks related to the Redemption Amount: The Securities will be redeemed at their maturity at the Redemption Amount. The Redemption Amount may be less than the Issue Price or the purchase price. This means, the Security Holder only achieves a return if the Redemption Amount exceeds the individual purchase price of the Security Holder. Potential return from the Securities is limited in contrast to a direct investment in the Basket Components.

Risks arising from missing ongoing payments: The Securities, do not bear interest or grant any other conditional or unconditional rights for ongoing payments which could compensate possible losses of principal.

Risks related to the regulation of benchmarks: The Securities make reference to a Benchmark (the "**Benchmark**") within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 (the "**Benchmark Regulation**") and therefore there is a risk that the Benchmark may not be used as reference value of the Securities from a certain point in time. In such event, the Securities could be de-listed, adjusted, converted or otherwise impacted. Any changes to a Benchmark as a result of the Benchmark Regulation could have a material adverse effect on the costs of refinancing a Benchmark or the costs and risks of administering or otherwise participating in the setting of a Benchmark and complying with the Benchmark Regulation. Potential investors should be aware that they face the risk that any changes to the relevant Benchmark may have a material adverse effect on the value of and the amount payable under the Securities.

Risks related to indices: The performance of Securities linked to indices depends on the performance of the respective index. Changes in the price of the components of the index and changes to the composition of the index or other factors may have an adverse effect on the performance of the index.

Risks related to potential conflicts of interests: Conflicts of interest in relation to the relevant Issuer or the persons entrusted with the offer may arise, which may result in a decision to the Security Holder's disadvantage.

Liquidity risk: There is a risk that the Securities may not be widely distributed and no active trading market may exist and may develop for the Securities. The Issuer may, but is not obliged to, purchase Securities at any time and at any price in the open market, by tender offer or private agreement. Any Securities purchased in this way by the Issuer may be held, resold or cancelled. A repurchase of Securities by the Issuer may adversely affect the liquidity of the Securities. The Issuer cannot therefore assure that a Security Holder will be able to sell his Securities at an adequate price prior to their redemption.

Section 4 – Key information on the offer of the Securities to the public and/or the admission to trading on a regulated market

Under which conditions and timetable can the Investor invest in this Security?						
Offering Country:	Bulgaria, Croatia, the Czech Republic, Hungary and the Slovak Republic	Agio:	EUR 10.00			
Issue Price:	EUR 1,010.00 per Security (including Agio)	Subscription Period:	from 21 March 2024 to 25 April 2024 (2:00 pm Munich time)			
Issue Date:	30 April 2024	Potential Investors:	Qualified investors, retail investors and/or institutional investors			
Smallest transferable unit:	1 Security	Smallest tradeable unit:	1 Security			

The Securities are offered during a Subscription Period. The public offer may be terminated by the Issuer at any time without giving any reason.

Commissions charged by the Issuer: The product specific initial costs contained in the Issue Price amount to EUR 60.00.

Why is this Prospectus being produced?

Use of proceeds: The net proceeds from each issue of Securities by the Issuer will be used for its general corporate purposes, i.e. making profit and/or hedging certain risks.

Underwriting: The offer is not subject to an underwriting agreement.

Material conflicts of interest with regard to the offer: UniCredit Bank GmbH is the Calculation Agent of the Securities; UniCredit S.p.A. is the Principal Paying Agent of the Securities; UniCredit Bank GmbH is the arranger of the Securities.